LAWS.

Under our present tariff law the duty on blankets is 90 per cent. The English blankets can be brought here and sold for \$5 per pair, without the tariff duty. But 90 Ter cent. adds \$4.50 to the cost of a pair of them. Thus the American manufacturer of blankets has a margin of \$4.50 per pair to work upon.

The English article in place of costing \$5 has to be advanced to 89.50, and if the American manufacturer chooses to sell his at \$8.50 he has a profit of \$3.50 over the English competitor under the protection afforded him by the American tariff. Of course our woolen manufacturers can amass immense fortunes, which the farmer and laboring classes have to centribute to.

While 90 per cent. is laid on blankets, the tax on silks is only 60 per cent. On salt it is 107 per cent., while on diamonds it is only 10 per cent. We append a list of some of the necessary articles for the use of the farmer. and the tax he is required to pay on them :

Bar iron for a wagon,	40
Trace Chains,	460
Iron for Plows.	42
Steel for Plows,	30
Iron for Machines,	42
Steel for "	32
Horse Shoes and Nails,	35
Horse Blankets,	1.40
Rope,	. 35
Harness,	35
Currycombs,	35
Horse Brushes,	40
Nails,	42
T	

It is to remedy such evils as the above, says the Lexington Gazette, that the Grangers propose to strive among their other efforts, for the advancement of the farmer's interests. They call for a modification of the tariff laws of the country, so that the burdens of taxation in the way of revenue duties will not fall so grievouly and unjustly heavy on the agricultural class.

ADVANTAGES OF MANUFAC-THRES

The fact that the proprietors of the factories on Mill River in Masachusetts will be able to resume operations, notwithstanding the terrible disaster which so recently befell them, illustrates the advantages which a manufactoring community has over an agricultural one. We learn from the Baltimore Gazette that, hardly had the water subsided before the proprietors of the ruined factories were at work drawing up their plans for a resumption of business and the erection of buildings .-Only one mill owner will remove. Those who need money have had it freely offered, for the towns were prosperous, and without doubt will soon be wealthy again. Money invested there will pay even now. A manufacturing village has a great advantage in this, and Massachusetts is peculiarly strong in the knowledge of the fact. A manufacturing people are in the long run established more stably than an agricultural community. That is a truth that our own land strikingly exemplifies. While the South is imperished, and the West decleares it is drained by the Railroads as empty as an Italian Count's pocket, the manufacturing States of the North have reeovered from the panic and are thriving, and when fire or water touch their factories new ones springs up as if by magic, and the whirl of the spindle scarcely stops.

The New Orleans Picayune reviews the local history of that city during the past six weeks, and ventures the assertion that during that time there have been more instances of daring, unscrupulous and unchecked crime than in any other city in any age or country. Blood is shed upon the most frequented thoroughfares; the residences of merchants and tax-payers are entered and despoiled; houses filled with sleeping people are set on fire by burglars, whose cupidity has been disappointed; gentlemen—and ladies, too—are used on the street and violently

quatice by which the peace of Nor oricas resides in the bands of half a dozen irresponsible men, all because at one time their bayonets were his solitary prop, and now the seed is bearing its fruit.

MUTILATION .- A man named Evans, a musical teacher in this section of country, a year ago, who was caught by some enraged citizens of North Carolina and mutilated for Inscivious conduct, will, it is understood, probably die from the effects of the injury inflicted upon him .- Alexandria Gazette.

This individual, Prof. Evans, so-called, we learn from the Staunton Spectator, figured conspicuously in Augusta county and other portions of the Valley a few years since.

BE WISE To-DAY .- "Tis madness to neglect a cough or cold, however slight. Consumption may follow, and though Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has frequently cured this much dreaded disease, it almost invariably cures the primary diseases of the throat, lungs and chest, where other reme-

A The first criminal trial for violating the railroad law of Wisconsin took place on Saturday week. The Station Agent of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad had been arrested for charging more than the legal rate for tickets. He was tried, found guilty, and fined one dollar.

Mr. C. B. Rouss, the great "Auction King," will accept thanks for a copy of the New York Herald containing a long letter from Henri Rochefort, the exiled Frenchman, to that paper.

A Savings Bank with a capital stock of \$50,000, is about to be established in Harrisonburg. Jas. L. Avis, formerly of this

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate, on the 1st inst., a bill for the creation of a Bureau of Internal Commerce was reported from the Select Committoe on Transportation. The same committee was instructed to inquire into the necessity of regulating commerce between the States across navigable rivers. The House refused concurrence in the Senate amendments to the Bankrupt bill, and asked a committee of conference. The Senate amendments to the Centennial bill were agreed to. The Tariff bill was passed under a suspension of the rulesyeas 177, pays 49, and additional amendments were then ordered to be incorporated in it .-Mr. Hereford, of West Virginia, moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill, authorizing an adjustment of the claims relating to the sale of the Government property at Harper's Ferry. The House refused to suspend the rules. Mr. Butler moved a suspension of the rules to take the Civil rights bill from the table and refer it to the Judiciary Committee, with leave to report at any time. Dilatory motions were commenced and continued until 4.30 P. M., when a recess was taken.

In the Senate, on the 2d, the House bill abolishing moieties and for other purposes was reported, with amendments. In the House the bill authorizing the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to contruct a branch road and to charge its track in the District of Columbia was taken from the table and referred to the District Committee. A bill in relation to courts and judicial officers in the Territory of Utah was reported from the Judiciary Committee and passed with amendment.

In the Senate, on the 3d, the resolution making appropriation for the surveys and estimates of the four great water routes recommended by the Select Committee on Transportation was taken up, and led to an extended debate. The House refused concurrence in the Senate amendments to the Army appropriation bill, and a committee of conference was ordered. The Committee on War Claims reported a bill in relation to the Commissioners of Claims, which was amended and recom-

In the Senate, on the 4th, various pension bills were passed, and also bills removing the political disabilities of Fitzhugh Lee and Van R. Morgan, of Virginia. The report providing for the survey of National water routes was taken up and discussed by Messrs. Frelinghuysen, Bayard, Morrill, Scott, Hamilton and others. In the House a resolution was adopted ordering the selection of a site for the equestrian statue of General Nathaniel Greene. The evening session was devoted to general debate, and speeches were made in favor of the completion of the Washington monument, and on other subjects.

In the Senate, on the 5th, a bill was passed for the better government of the navy. The Postoffice Appropriation bill was reported with amendments from the Committee on Appropriations. The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the Diplomatic Appropriation bill. Mr. McCrary's substitute for the bill relating to the improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi river-known as the canal plan-was adopted, and the bill was then passed.

THE GRAFTON CONVENTION,

The recent capital removal Convention at Grafton among others, adopted the following resolutions :

Resolved, That we recommend to the political parties of the State, that this matte made a subject of consideration in political primary meetings, and that all candidates for the Legislature be requested to pledge themselves unqualifiedly in favor of removal.

"The Fairmount Index, after quoting the above, says: We entertain the same idea about this convention and the capital, that we do about the crusaders and intemperance. Intemperance is a great evil. but it is not the only one that needs correcting, and there is a right way of doing all things, while the wrong seldom accomplishes its object .-The removal of our State Capital is very desirable, but it is not the only question upon which the people should elect its members of the Legislature. It is not so paramount as to overshadow all others. There are many other matters for our Legislators to act upon. The true policy of the people of West Virginia, is to send to the Legislature their very best men

men who have intelligence enough to know their wishes and integrity enough to carry them out-such men as can be depended on under all circumstances, and then they will not need any "pledges." This thing of carrying on a campaign upon a single issue, does not strike us favorably. We don't want any pledge, but we want good men for all pur-

AN IMPORTANT DECISION .- The Wheeling Register is informed by Mr. Ralph Arkle, city assessor, that Attorney-General Matthews, of this State, has recently rendered a decision in regard to licenses that will go rather hard with the sewing machine companies. Heretofore, companies doing business in that city and having their headquarters there, have equipped sub-agents with a conveyance and started them out through the State selling machines in the different counties, without obtaining a license. Assessors were of opinion that the law required them to take out license in each county, while the agents of the companies have claimed that such was not the meaning of the law. To settle the matter the subject was referred to State Auditor Bennett, for his decision. The Auditor referred the matter to the Attorney General, who decided that the law required agents to take out a license in every county in which they peddled machines. The license is \$100 for each county.

The Association of the Surgeons of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States will meet in Richmond on the first Wednesday in July, 1875. Surgeon-General Moore is President of the Association, and Dr. Hunter McGuire vice-president for Virginia.

The Romney Intelligencer states that the railroad between Romney and the Green Spring station, on B. & O. R. R , is actively advancing to completion and will probably be town, has been elected one of the Directors. Forened to the public in September next.

COMMUNICATED.

The action the Council took at its last meet-

ng in the way of recommending certain anolicants for license to sell liquor in Charlesown, was, to say the least, very strange. It is certainly open to serious criticism, and places the majority in somewhat of a ludicrous position. Cantlemen who occupy places of trust as representatives of a cummunity in its corporate character, should be actuated by sound reason and logic in coming to conclu sions and casting their votes on grave subjects. With no design to impeach the honesty of purpose of the gentlemen composing the ma-jority, I cannot see that the vote given was prompted by sound reason and logic. Cui ono! What good, is naturally asked! It will be borne in mind that the former Council. by the casting vote of Mayor Chew, recommended certain gentlemen to the County Court, then about to sit, as proper persons to sell liquor. The Court, the only legal tribunal to issue license of the kind, in their wisdom, by a very large majority, refused to grant any is the county. To all intents and purposes this decision of the court settled the question of this particular license until their next meeting for such an object as prescribed by law, perhaps a year hence. Why then should the Council, at its very first meeting, open a question which its predecessor, the proper body to do so, had done in regular orm, in proper time, and before the proper tribunal, but had failed. Has this Council more sagacity, wisdom and influence than the former? I hardly suppose it is claimed .-Why then, try to do illegitimately what the other Council failed in legitimately? But the recommendation is intended to bear upon the Assessor, the presumption being that h will grant license, and upon it, if given, the party will sell. I am slow to believe that the gentlemen who voted in the majority were thus governed. I have supposed them to be intelligent citizens, and I can hardly attribute to them such a deficiency of mother-wit .-Why, it is folly to suppose that the servant (for such the Assessor is of the County Court.) would do that which his master has just positively forbade, and how can he do it unless every feature of the bond is met, and I trow the assent of the court to sell is the sine qua non to the perfecting and issuing of the document, and this being refused, stops the whole procedure. I am mistaken in our popular Assessor if he permits himself by any indiscretion on his part to be entrapped. Manifestly the proper course for the Council to have pursued, and which would have been more creditable, when the matter was mooted was to have passed a resolution dismissing it a out of their jurisdiction for the time being -it being in the hands of the Court. Fail ing to do so, and taking the action they did. the majority showed too much anxiety to vote -a little too much of partizan feeling-somewhat a want of sound discriminating judgment, and wholly ignored the moral aspect of the case, the manifest change for the better since the bars were closed. ANTI-LICENSE.

Speech of Hon. H. G. Davis.

In the U. S. Senate, on the 13th ult., Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, called up his bill to reimburse the State of West Virginia for losses incurred during the late war, and addressed the Senate upon the same. Mr. Davis commenced by sketching briefly

the circumstances attending the organization

of the State government of West Virginia, and the part taken by her during the war. said that as a State it had been loyal to the government from the very beginning. From ner peculiar geographical situation she was forced to bear the part of hard knocks and cruel blows from both of the contending armies. She was the bulwark, the fortress interposed between the loyal States of the North and West and the opponents of the government, and her people were compelled to undergo numberless hardships and sacrifices. He argued at some length the question of the obligation of the government to pay its loyal citizens for losses sustained at the hands of the federal troops, quoting in support of the affirmative position which he took, Vattel, Grotius, Whiting, Tancy, and Wilmot .-He held that the essence of the opinions and decisions were contained in the plain proposition of law that the government is bound to compensate its loyal citizens for all property taken from them by its agents or destroyed by federal troops. As to the damages inflicted by the Confederates, or those resulting from the accidental consequences of war, he said that West Virginia claimed no compensation, though in strict justice she might be entitled to it. As to the rights of citizens in insurrectionary States, he held that a loyal citizen of Virginia, Louisiana, or any other insurrectionary State, was as much entitled to protection of life and property, and to comensation for his property taken or appropriated y the government, as a citizen of New York. Massachusetts or any other northern States. But West Virginia did not come under the head of an insurrectionary State, as her loyalty was distintly and frequently recogized by the government from the commencement of the war to its close, by the proclamations of President Lincoln, and of the generals of the army, as well as by the action of Congress .-He maintained that the claim which he now presented on behalf of West Virginia was meither a new nor an extraordinary one, and cited a large number precedents, dating back to the Revolutionary war and running down to the present term of Congress. In regard to the fears which have been expressed as to the drain which the allowance of war claims would cause upon the treasury, he said that they were largely overestimated. He exhibited official figures and estimates from which he summed up as follows: that the amount of claims now pending and probably to be presented would make a total of \$75,000,000 .-Of the claim heretofore acted on about one fifth had been allowed. Applying this proportion to the above amount he estimated that the probable sum the government would be liable for would not exceed \$15,000,000 .-To pay this amount there is now in the treasury resulting from the sale of captured and abandoned property in the South some \$15,-500,000. He then argued that the government was not only legally but in duty bound to reimburse the people of West Virginia, who had stood up for it in its extremity, and at the time when it cost something to be true to the government. He concluded with a strong appeal to the Senators to do justice to this claim and to the people of the border and southern States.

The Legislature of New Hampshire, on Wednesday, in joint convention, balloted for elected and Hon. James A. Weston (democrat), of Manchester, Governor of the State for the

Mr. Bristow, of Kentucky, is appointed Secretary of the Treasury, and Mr. Richardson is to be rewarded for his incompetency by transferring him to the Court of Claims.

Ar The millenial celebration of the Ice landic republic will take place on the 2d of August next, and great preparations are being made for its proper observance.

Sentence of John Toliver. The Circuit Court, Judge J. B. Hoge pre siding, convened at 10 o'clock Monday, yesterday morning. After the transaction of some unimportant business, the prisoners James Smith, convicted of grand larceny and John Toliver, convicted of the murder of Annie Butler, on the 6th day of October last, were brought into court. Whereupon, Judge Hoge proceeded to pass sentence upon them, having in both cases overruled a new trial * * * Upon the conclusion of Smith's sentence, the clerk of the court ordered John Toliver to stand up, and having repeated to him the verdict of the jury "finding him guilty of murder in the first degree" his Honor thereupon, having first stated his reasons for overruling the motion of counsel for a new trial, proceeded, amid the breathless attention of the largest assemblage we have ever seen in the court-room, to pronounce the following John Toliver, at a former day of the present term of this Court a protracted, patient and arxious investigation terminated in the verdict of an impartial jury. Twelve citizens of the county sworn, charged and set apart from all influences, whether of prejudice or favor, after calm and conscientious consideration have united in a conclusion which is of

terrible import to you.

It ascertains that on the evening of the 6th of October, 1873, a murder was committed in this county of Berkeley under circumstances of startling wantonness and cruelty. It further ascertains and declares-and it is so recorded in this court-that you, John Toliver, are guilty of that murder.

The correctness of this selemn verdiet can not be impeached: Nor can its inexorable

consequence be avoided. It is, therefore, so far as human judgment can be conclusive of human events, a fact judicially established, that the poor child, Annie Butler, on that sad October evening in that dim wood around which the shadows and silence of the night were gathering, poured out her young life-the victim of your murderous purpose-a purpose, which if not shown to have been the immediate consequence of your disappointed lust, was born of a cowardice which grew appalled at the enormity of the crime you had attempted to commit.

During the long hours of the trial which has determined the fearful issue between you and the State-vou have not stood before the bar of this court defenceless and alone. No effort which energy and ability might attempt has been wanted to your defence. Every argument which professional skill and ingenuity could suggest, has been urged in your behalf by the able counsel who have so freely and faithfully given you their unpurchased services. But with all the aid which counsel could render; before a tribunal which recognises no distinctions between man and man with the advantage of an accident which gave months to the chances of evidence being discovered, favorable to your exculpation-a jury, not selected in the usual mode, but almost chosen by yourself, has been enabled to make no other answer to the solemn enquiry addressed to them by law-than that which declares you guilty of murder in the first de-

It is no part of my duty or my purpose to add to the agony of your own thoughts, by needless words. But the lesson which this hour teaches is not for you alone. It speaks with impressive tone to others in whose hearts vicious impulses have not yet ripened into the perpetration of actual crime. It warns them back from the brink of that gulf into whose fearful depths your unbridled lusts have plunged you.

At Annapolis Junction, Md., on 27th of May, 1874, by Rey, Dr. McKinney, of Laurel, Md., WM, H.-BAKER, of Winebester, Va., and MARY R. PRICE, of Wilmington, N. C. Speaking to them of life and obligations. its laws and penalties, it speaks to you, only, PRICE, of Wilmington, N. C.

At Grace Church, Middleway Jefferson county,
W. Va., May 26, 1874, by Rev., James Grammar,
Mr. THOMAS MANN MACOUGHTRY to Miss
MARY S. BA'IES, daughter of Dr. S. A. Bates,
At the residence of the bride's father, Rev.
John Light, near Beddingron, Berkeley county,
on the 26th; ultimo, by Rev. W. G. Engleston,
Mr. JACOB F. LEMEN to Mrs. MARY V. WILSON.

Remember, then, as you hear the sentence. which in the name of the Law, is about to be pronounced, that the brief period which will intervene between this moment and the exeof that sentence belongs to repentance. Christian ministers will guide your thoughts and direct your prayers. They will teach you that, criminal and merciless as you have ocen, you are not beyound the reach of God's foregiveness. Let me adjure you - as be-longing to the solemn duty which the law imposes upon me-to yield your heart to their holy teachings and, abandoning all hope of life, to seek from God that pardon which only His Infinite Mercy can bestow.

His Honor then pronounced the formal sentence of death, designating Friday, July 31st, next ensuing, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M., at some convenient place to be appointed by the Sheriff, for the execution of the sentence.

[Martinsburg Statesman, June 2d.

CONCILIATORY .- The address delivered at the Federal cometery, on Saturday, was by Mr. W. L. Ives, a citizen of New York. He spoke for an hour. The speech was unexceptionable in noble and manly sentiments, wherein no difference was expressed of sympathy and kindness for the soldier dead. The same glowing tribute was paid to the fallen dead without regard, and without respect, as to which flag they fought and fell under. It was a speech of marked conciliation. The speaker said, pointing to the cemetery where the Confederate dead are interred, that he would like to stand mid-way and applaud heroic deeds to each who fought and died for the cause he believed to be right. The difficulty between the sections was, said the speaker, "a misunderstanding." Whenever the war was alluded to this was the term employed. There was nothing about "a rebellion," nothing of "rebels" or "rebel dead," the speaker rising high above all galling terms; all reprehensible language. - Fred. Herald.

W. O. & Extension .- The Loudoun Enterprise in speaking of the W. & O. extension,

"The road will unquestionably reach Snickersville by the end of the year. It will then begin to assume the proportions of an important public improvement-a work which will not only attract the attention and capital of the people of Loudoun, but of the country .-The trade which it will draw from the Valley must then be very lucrative, and in addition to that which will come to it from South Loudoun, and from a part of the country, which has heretofore traded with Harper's Ferry and Berlin, will give it revenue enough to keep itself going on towards the Ohio River.'

BURGLARY .- We have still to chronicle another case of burglary in this equnty. On Tuesday night of last week widow Brumback's house, near Old Forge, was entered by a burglar, through the kitchen door. He carried a trunk to the road about 100 yards distant where it was broken open and rifled of the clothing it contained, together with \$135 in money belonging to Dr. Brumback. The burglar stopped at a neighbour's house, Mr. Pitcock, where he traded a pair of sooks with the Dr's name on them for his breakfast .-Mr Pitcock describes him as a man about 35 years of age, dark eyes and dark complexion. He has a foreign accent .- Win, News.

COUNTY ITEMS .- From the Shepherdstown Register of Saturday we clip the following

Iron Ore Leased .- We learn that Mr

the iron ore land of Mr. Thomas Licklider,

near Kearneysville, for the purpose of getting

out the ore, which so extensively abounds in

Kicked by a Horse.—Chalmers Byers, youngest son of Mr. Wm. Byers, was kicked

n the temple by a horse, a few days since,

child went into the stable where the animal

was standing, and it is supposed the horse

took fright and kicked. Fortunately the horse

had no shoes on, which perhaps, saved the

boy's life.

Shepherd College.—The Commencement

Exercises of Shepherd College will take place

Thursday evening, June 18th, address b

fore the Literary Societies, by Major H. K.

by Wm. L. Wilson, Esq., of Charlestown W.

Essays, by the Graduating Class.

The Examinations begin Wednesday morn

ing, June 17th, and continue from day to

The Board of Regents will be in attend-

Ninety of the present Members of

Congress served in the late war-73 in the

Union army, and 17 in the Confederate army ;

43 call themselves generals; 41 have been

judges of various kinds, including three Chief

one Vice-President of the Republic; 165

-A corps of workmen, under the supervi-

architect for the erection of the new Court-

The Convention for the purpose o

AT The trial of Mrs. Sarah M. Allen for

Ber Out of the ninety-seven candidates for

admission to West Point, thirty two could not

pass. None of the colored caudidates were

Der Geo. W. Warshall is appointed post-

master at Hainesville, Berkeley county, West

Virginia, vice Wm. R. Potterfield resigned.

Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad

Bor Colonel Thomas A. Scott has been

BT The Parkersburg Examiner is offered

for sale, "by reason of an inadequate work-

MARRIED.

At St. Paul's Methodist Church, in Atlanta, Ga., May 25th, 1874 by Rey. W. P. Pledger, H. HER BERT HERRINGTON, of Macon, Ga., formerly of this county, to Miss KATIE WIKER, of Bal-timore, Md.

At the residence of the bride's parents, in Har-isonburg. Va., Wednesday, June 24, 1874, by

At the residence of the office sparents, in the risonburg, Va., Wednesday, Jane Ed. 1874, by Rev. J. Rice Bowman, Mr. JOHN W. BOONE and Miss RACHEL E. C., third daughter of J. D.

DIEB.

Near Bunker Hill, Berkeley county, on Tues-day, May 12th, Mrs. MARY SWIMLEY, wife of Henry Swimley, in the 66th, year of her age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

DURSUANT to a decree of the Circuit Cour

of Jefferson County, in a cause therein between J. K. P. Ott and others, Plaintiffs, and Emma B. Ott and others, Defendents, the undersigned, Special Commissioner, will offer at Public Sale, in front of the store of F. W. Berry & Co., at Ripon, in said county, on

THURSDAY, the 4th day of JUNE, 1874

36 Acres of Land.

West of the Turnpike leading from Ripon to

West of the Turnpike leading from Ripon to Berryville, and joining the town of Ripon; also, the SHOP and One Acre of Land attached, at Ripon, in rear of Dr. Osburn's property, and the LAND adjacent—6 or 7 Acres—next to the Heffe-bower tract, said property being the residue of the real estate of the late Barney Ott. exclusive of the wilow's dower. The property is well situated, and very desirable.

TERMS OF SALE.—A third Cash—the residue in one and two years equal payments, with in

TERMS OF SALE.—A third Cash—Life residue in one and two years equal payments, with interest, and title retrined till the further order of the Court.

AT Sule to take place at 11 o'clock, A. M.
Daniel Heflebower, Anctioneer.

N. S. WHITE,
May 5, 1874—ts.

Special Commissioner.

POSTPONEMENT.

In consequence of unfavarable weather, &c., the above sale is postponed until

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24th, 1874.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING,

Repairing, &c.

THE undersigned has removed his Shop to the building on the corner of Main and Samuel streets—three doors West of the Presbyterian Church. The character of the work done by the subscriber is well known and appreciated by the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity. It is hardly necessary to add that he will endeavor to sustain his reputation as a reliable workman, and will execute promptly and at reasonable rates all orders given him—either for New work or Repairing.

JOHN AVIS of Wm.

pairing. June 9, 1874, JOHN AVIS of Wm.

ICE CREAM PARLORS.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that his new ICE CREAM PARLORS are completed and handsomely furnished, and ready for the reception of visitors—to whom will be supplied Ice Cream of the

to whom will be supplied fee Cream of the best quality and most delicious flavors, Cake, Confectious, &c. Gentlemen alone will find a saloon especially fitted for them in rear of the store, where they will receive prompt attention. At short notice fee Cream, Fruits, Cake, Caudies, &c., supplied to families in quantities to suit.

June 9, 1874—3m.

GUSTAV BROWN.

to suit. June 9, 1874—3m.

to take place at the same hour and place.
N. S. WHITE,
June 9, 1874 3t. Special Commissioner

nominating a Democratic candidate to repre-

[Rockingham Register.

have been members of Congress before.

at work now removing the old edifice

Charleston, on the 5th of August.

Friday evening, June 19th, annual address,

Saturday morning, June 20th, Orations and

on the 18th, 19th, and 20th instant.

Douglas, of Hagerstown, Md.

day until completed.

and lay unconscious for some time. The

said land.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

- Criswell's Cornet Band has been reor-In the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, West Virginia, in Term, April 23, 1874: Musselman, of Harrisburg, Pa., has leased

KATE D. BARBOUR, Executrix of A. M. Barbonr, deceased, and individually, and D. B. In Chancery. Lucas, Administrator d. b. n. Barbour, dec'd, Defendants.

(Extract from Decree.)

Ne consideration whereof the Court doth adjudge, order and decree that this cause be referred to a Commissioner of this Coart, to settle the account of Kate D. Barbour, as Exceutifix of A. M. Barbour, deceased, and also the account of Daniet B. Lucas, as Administrator d. b. n. with the will annexed of A. M. Barbour, deceased, and also to ascertain and report whether Kate D. Barbour, individually, is responsible to the estate of A. M. Barbour, or the creditors of said estate, in any amount, and if so, in what amount, on account of the sale of real estate of said A. M. Barbour, dee'd, made by her, giving notice to the several parties interested of the time and place of making said settlement; and said Commissioner is also directed to audit all the debts of A. M. Barbour, deceased, and their priorities as charges on the real estate of A. M. Barbour, deceased, notice having been first given of such auditing of debts in the manner prescribed by law, and said Commissioner shall make his report to this Court, in order to a final decree."

A Copy—Teste. (Extract from Decree.) A Copy-Teste. ROBERT T BROWN,

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the parties that I shall proceed to execute the provisions of the foregoing Decree at the Sheriff's Office in Charlestown, West Virginia, on Tuesday, June June 2, 1874-41. GEO, W. T. KEARSLEY,

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

In the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, West Virginia, in Term, March 25, 1874 : ustices; 17 have been State Governors, and GEORGE LICKLIDER, &c. Plaintiff, vs. Mary, E. Ronemous, &c. Deft. In Chancerry, (Extract from Decree)

ON consideration whereof the Court doth adjudge, order and decree that this cause be referred to a Commissioner of this Court, who is instituted to ascertain the balance due the Plaintiff on the bond of William Renemons, William Lucas and Robert Lucas, in the bill mentioned, and to audit any other dobts which were owing by the said William Renemons at the time of his death, and which remain unpaid: also to ascertain the amount, if any, due the Plaint ff, Administrator of the estate of William Ronemons, upon a settlement of his account as such TEARING DOWN THE OLD COURT-HOUSE. sion of Mr. J. C. Holmes, the contracting House about to be built in Harrisonburg, are Administrator of the estate of William Rone-mous, upon a settlement of his account as such Administrator; and in so doing he will treat the accounts of said Administrator heretofore settled as prima facie correct. Said Commissioner will also take an account of the real estate of which said William Ronemous died seized, and report its value, and what portion thereof will have to be taken to satisfy the debts as ascertained to be due as aforesaid. And notice by publication of the time and place of taking the account of debts as aforesaid, published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the "Spirit of Jefferson." a paper printed in said county, shall be equivalent to personal service on the pattics and each of them."

ROBERT T. BROWN.

Clerk of the Circuit Court. sent the Third Congressional District in the House of Representatives is to be held in the murder of her husband by poison, is in progress in the Circuit Court of Augusta

NUTIOE. Notice is hereby given that I will proceed to xecute the provisions of the above D. cree, at he Office of D. B. Lucas, in Charlestown, West ST. GEO. T. BROOKE, June 2, 1874-4t.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE. elected President and George B, Roberts First In the Circuit Court of Jefferson County,

State of West Virginia, in Term April 14th, 1874: HILLEARY & JOHNSON, &c.,) Plaintiffs, Acainst JOHN A. THOMSON, &c., IN CHANCERY.

Defendants, (Extract from Decree.)

(Extract from Decree.)

No consideration whereof, it is adjudged, ordered and decreed that this cause he referred to a Commissioner of this Court, who is instructed to ascer ain the value and annual value of the Real Estate of which the defendant John A. Thouson is seized and dessessed, and to andit all them against or upon said Real Estate, which may be preduced before him properly proven, and make report of his proceedings to the next term of this Court, with any other matters specially stated or deemed pertinent by hin-self, or which may be required by the parties to be so stated, and notice of the execution of hioself, or which may be required by the parties to be so stated, and notice of the execution of this order by publication once a week for four successive weeks in the "Spirit of Jefferson," a newspaper published in this County, simil be equivalent to personal service on the parties and all others interested."

A True Conv.-Teste,

ROBERT 1. BROWN, Clork

BUTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I shall proceed to at the Sacral's Office in Charlestown, on Thursday, June 25th, 1874.

GEO. W. T. KEARSLEY, May 26, 1874-41.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

In the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, West Virginia, in Term, April 14, 1874. JACOB MOLER'S Ex'r against Henry Moler and (Extract from Decree)

ON consideration whereof it is adjudged, ordered and decreed that this cause be referred to one of the Commissioners of this Court, with directions to ascertain the amount and value of the real estate of the defendant Henry waite of the real estate of the defendant Henry Moler, also the character and amount of lieus thezeon, with their priorities respectively, and report to the Court, with any matters specially stated, deemed pertinent by himself, or which any of the parties may require to be so stated."

A true copy—Teste.

ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I will execute the provisions of the above Decree, at the Office of D. B. Lucas, in Charlestown, W. Va., on Saturday, June 27th, 1873, ...

ST GEO. T. BROOKE,

June 2, 1874 - 4t.

Commissioner.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA. Jefferson County, set : In the County Court, June Rules, 1874.

At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of said Court, the first Monday in June, 1874: JOSHUA F. C. TALBOIT, Jr., An Action of Plaintiff,
Acainst , Debt.

THE object of this suit is to recover a judgment of the Defendant for the sum of \$1,000 with interest thereon from October 19th. 1867, until paid, and costs of suit, and to attack the Estate of the Defendant for the payment of the

ame. It appearing, by affidavit filed, that the Defeedant in this suit is not a resident of this State, he is hereby required to appear within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest herein.

And it is ordered that this order be published

And it is ordered that this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the "Spirit of Jefferson," a newspaper published in this county, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of this county, as the law provides.

A Copy—Teste.

T. A. MOORE, Clerk. D. B. Lucas, p. q. June 2, 1874—41.

LUMBER.

TEN THOUSAND FEET NORTH CAROLINA YELLOW PINE FLOORING, clear of knots, for sale by A. W. HAWKS. June 2, 1874—St. SPECTACLES A SPECIALTY.

HAVE on hand a large supply of Steel Frame and Silver Spectacles, for all eyes in quality, and in price ranging from 40 Cents to \$2.50 per Pair. L. DINKLE.

PINE Sewing Machine Oil, for sale at
May 19, L. DINKLE'S Jewelry Store. HARVEST GOODS. ..

HARVEST GOODS,

O'RAIN and Grass Scythes - English; flay and Grain Rakes, Cradies, Pincers, Whet Stones, Water Regs, Rifles, Mails, Cradie - Fingers, Snaths, Rnites and Forks, Spoons, Pans, Tin Pistes, Pie Plates, and other useful goods, for sale by June 2 1574

IMPROR White-washing, for sale by April 14, 1874. G. W. T. KEARSLEY.

GOOD TEA. - Fresh Gun Powder, Young Hyon, Japan, English Broskfast, and Golong Teas, for sale by

April 14, 1874. G. W. T. KEARSLEY.

June 9, 1874—3m.

A FRESH supply of Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes,
A Cigarette Paper, Cigar Cases, Smokers, Pipes,
and Smokers' articles generally, for sale by
June 9, 1874.

J. R. RODERICK.

FOILET and Washing Soap for sale by
June 9, 1874.

J. R. RODERICK.

GEO. H. TURNER'S best Family Flour always
on hand, and for sale by
June 9, 1874.

J. R. RODERICK.

PATAPSCO Baking Powder, guaranteed to render satisfaction in every case if properly used.
For sale by
J. R. RODERICK,

REAL ESTATE.

Valuable Timber Land

FOR SALE. THE undersigned offers for sale, privately, Two Valuable Tracts of TIMBER LAND. The first

lying on the East side of the Shenandoah river, in Jefferson county, West Virginia. The public road leading from Keyes' Ferry to Hillsboro, passes through the centre of this tract. It has

GOOD TENEMENT HOUSE. and is well watered with fine Springs. The great-er portion of it has not been cut off since 1840, and has a large growth of Chestnut Timber upon it at this time. The second tract contains 576 Acres,

lying on the Esst side of the Shenandosh river, in said county, directly adjacent to the river, and 11 miles above the Bloomery Sash Factory. Will cut forty cords-of wood per acre, and thousands of railroad cross-ties may be gotten out from the tract.—It is also well watered, and capable of sub-division. It has on it

THREE GOOD TENEMENT HOUSES Both tracts lie within a short distance of Charles-town and Harper's Ferry, and the timber on each is easy of access.

Price and terms of the made known on applica-tion to GLO. W. EICHEL BERGEE. September 3, 1872—15.

CHAMPION

CHAMPION

CAPABLE OF STANDING ANY TEST

In the County Court, June Rules, 1874. At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of said THOMAS JEFFERSON,
JOSEPHINE C. JEFFERSON.

IN CHANCERY.

THE object of this snit is to obtain a Divorce what is necessary to protect her interest her

D. B. Lucas, p. q. June 2, 1874-41.

Light, in the building adjoining Sappingtor Hotel. Direct communication with Main street and also with the Hotel, if desired.

proved Hives. Also, A FIRST-RATE FAMILY CARRIAGE, 4 seats, built by W. J. frawks of best material, and work in all particulars—has shafts, tongue and harness, torone or two horses. Will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to J. J. H. STRAITH, Feb. 17, 1874—tf. For the Owner.

FREDERICK COUNTY, VA.

and 51 miles Southeast of Wine ester, Will be spen of 1st day of June.

The Buildings baye Leen much improved by Communicating Doors, Statters, &c.
THE NEW CHALYBEATE SPRING is in fine order. Pamphiets for distribution.
E. C. JORDAN,
May 5, 1874. Owner and Proprietor,

PURE CONCENTRATED POTASH, O: Lyo

OF Double the Strength of any other Saponifying substance. I have recently nerfected a new method of packing my Potash, or Lye, and am now packing it only in Balls, the coating of which will sanouily, and does not injure the Scap. It is packed in boxes containing 24 and 48 lb. Balls, and in no other way. Directions in English and German, for making hard and soft soap with any Potash, accompanying each package.

B. T. BABBITT,

Aur. 7, 74-3w. 64 to 54 Washington st. N. Y.

AVING resumed the practice of LAND SUR-VEYING, ENGINEERING AND CONVEY. NCING, and having associated my son, J. M. D. ANCING, and having associated myson, J. M. D. BROWN, with me in the business, we ofter our services to my old patrons of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick, Berkeley and Loudonn, and all others. I will also teach Phonography wherever a class can be formed, or to individuals, on reasonable terms.

Sept. 30, 1873—tf.

THE undersigned, having removed his TAIL-OR SHOP to the building of Mrs. Jane Star. To the Shorto the building of Mrs. Jahre Stairery, on Lawrence street, two doors South of the Bank of Charlestown, has received his Spring and Summer Fashion Plates, and is now prepared to execute all work in the line with neatness and dispatch. Good work gnaranteed.

May 26, 1874—3t. JOHN ASHBAUGH.

NOTICE.

AVING qualified as administrator of Henry L. Brooke, deceased, creditors are requested to send in their necounts, and debtors, if any, are notified that prompt payment is expected.

DAN'L B. LUCAS,

Adm'r of Heary L. Brooke, dee'd.

Charlestown, May 26, 1874—31.

FOR RENT.

Feb. 10, 1874-1f; WANTED,

SEVERAL GOOD SHOATS, for which receipts for dues to the Spirit Office will be given.—
Apply at THIS OFFICE.
January 20, 1874. ARCTIC SODA WATER.

AM prepared to furnish this delightful beyerage, to suit all tastes, with crushed Ice or
not, Syphon Bottles to supply families.
May 26, 1874

A N invitation is extended to the Spirit employees
to try it free, and all other friends at 17 tickets
for \$1.00.
May 26, 1874.

EMONS, Oranges, Dates, Figs and Ratains, for J. R. RODERICK,

PRIDE OF VIRGINIA, Graveley's, Westward Ho, Dake of Durham, Lee and July Boy Smok-ing Tobaccos, for sale by J. R. RODERICK. for sale by J. R. RODERICK.

ARLY Goodrich Potatoes, Family Flour and
Corn Meal, for sale by J. R. RODERICK.

April 14, 1874.

NEW Potomac Herr ing and Shad for rale by May 26, 1874. G. W. T. KEARSLEY

Reaper & Mower.

I T being near the season for Reapers and Mow-ers, I present the

to the attention of the farmer needing a com-pact, reliable and well-constructed Machine— the frame of which is of wrought irob, well braced and workmanship of superior character,

that may be required of it. The sale and manufacture of the above Machine is largely in excess of any other new made, and it preserves its high reputation wherever it has been introduced. The following gentlemen, to whom I have sold Machines; would refer to as to its merita:

Wm. D. Smith. George Marlow, Jas. H. Conklyn, W. P. Carper, Coarles Couklyn, R. B. Davenport, O. H. F. Sherman, W. C. Frazier, Rev. W. T. Leavell, John Burns, P. H. Powers, F. J. Manning, John T. Colston, Geo. W. Engle, and to the many others having the same.

June 2, 1874—44. JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Jefferson County, set : Court, the first Monday in June, 1874 :

"a uneque matrimoni."

It appearing, by affidavit filed, that the Defendant in this suit is not a resident of this State, she is hereby required to appear, within one mouth after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is no coseary to protect her interest herein.

And it is ordered that this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the "Spirit of Jefferson," a newspaper published in this county, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of this County, as the flaw provides.

A Copy—Teste.

D. B. Lucas, p. o.

T. A. MOORE, Clerk.

FOR RENT. THE Stories over the Drug Store of Geo. T.

TWO STANDS OF BEES, in the latest im-

JORDAN'S White Sulphur Springs,

ONLY 14 miles from S'epherson's Depat P.O.

B. T. BABBITT'S

SURVEYING, ENGINEERING, &C.

Tailor Shop Removed.

COLT ESTRAY. ON or about the 24th of April, 1874, strayed from the undersegued at Leetown, a DARK LAY MARE COLT, 2 years old this Spring. A liberal reward will be paid for its recovery. May 26, 1874—3t. JOHN W. ROBER 18.

THE Store Room now occupied by S. M. Tim-perlake. Possession given April 1st, 1874. JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

HAVING started my Fountain for the season, 1
will dispense this cool and refreshing beverage
during the hot months. None but the purest materials used. Call and try it.
May 19, 1974.

GOLD PENS.

OLD PENS-three different sizes-good quality, just received and for sale by January 13, 1874. L. DINKLE, SODA WATER! SODA WATER!!